



ANNA A LEOPOLD LÖWYOVI A DĚTI EMA, EDUARD A MAX

Anna, celým jménem Theresia Anna Löwyová, se narodila Isaakovi a Růženě 15. října 1857 ve Štědré na Karlovarsku. Vzala si Leopolda, náhodou měli už stejná příjmení. Spolu bydleli v Radnicích u Rokycan, kde se Leopold roku 1951 narodil. Anně se ve čtyřiatřiceti letech narodil Eduard a o dva roky později druhý syn Max a tři roky na to i dcera Ema.

Max se odstěhoval do Deštné, odkud ho následně v listopadu 1942 odvezli do Terezína, a pak o dva měsíce později do Osvětimi, kde byl zavražděn. Eduard byl obchodní asistent. O jeho smrti víme jediné a to, že zemřel mezi lety 1942 a 1945. Ema bydlela spolu se svými rodiči a starala se o svou nemocnou matku.

Emu s matkou odvezli 26. 1. 1942 do Terezína, kde se ale jejich cesty pak rozdělily. Emu byla deportována v dubnu 1942 do Varšavy, zahynula. Anna zůstala v terezínském ghettu do října 1942, 19. 10. byla deportována do Treblinky a tam zavražděna.

(zpracovaly Terka Hajžmanová a Johanka Štěpánková)

ANNA LÖWY AND HER DAUGHTER EMA

Anna, whose full name was Theresia Anna Löwy, was born to Isaak and Růžena on October 15, 1857, in Štědrá in the Karlovy Vary region. She married Leopold, who by coincidence already had the same surname. They lived together in Radnice near Rokycany, where Leopold was born in 1851. At the age of thirty-four, Anna gave birth to Eduard. Two years later, their second son Max was born, and three years after that, their daughter Ema.

Max moved to Deštná, from where he was taken in November 1942 to Terezín, and two months later to Auschwitz, where he was murdered. Eduard worked as a commercial assistant. The only known fact about his death is that he died sometime between 1942 and 1945. Ema lived with her parents and cared for her sick mother.

We were unable to find any further information about the fate of the sons. On January 26, 1942, Ema and her mother were taken to Terezín, where their paths later diverged. Ema was

deported to Warsaw in April 1942 and perished there. Anna remained in the Terezín ghetto until October 1942. On October 19, she was deported to Treblinka, where she was murdered.

(processed by Terka Hajžmanová and Johanka Štěpánková)