

LOUISA FREUDENFELSOVÁ



Louisa Freudenfelsová se narodila 2. 3. 1875 v obci Černoušek u Roudnice nad Labem. Byla svobodná, pracovala jako ošetrovatelka a bydlela v Karlově ulici 27 za Velkou synagogou. V létě 1940 požádala Policejní ředitelství v Plzni o prozatímní průkaz totožnosti, protože potřebovala nějakou legitimaci.

V databázi obětí holocaustu je celkem jenom sedm lidí tohoto příjmení, tři muži a čtyři ženy, jednou z nich je Luisa.

Všichni se narodili v severozápadních Čechách, pocházeli z Budyně nad Ohří, z Lovosic, z Kralup n/V, z Ješina u Kralup a bydleli v Praze. Výjimkou (a jedinou další možnou stopou po naší Louise) je Klára Freudenfelsová (1875), která se stejně jako Louisa narodila v obci Černoušek na Roudnicku, ale byla místně příslušná do Postoloprty a v době záboru pohraničí bydlela v Liberci. Odešla do Prahy a 24. 10. 1938 do "protokolu s uprchlíkem z pohraničí" uvedla, že "otec Hermann Freudenfels žil od roku 1877 až do roku 1898 na zabraném území, pak se přestěhoval do Plzně, kde žil až do smrti". Další dokument je z 29. 7. 1939 poslaný z Prezídia policejního ředitelství v Plzni a adresovaný Zemskému úřadu v Praze, v němž policejní ředitel nedoporučuje povolení k pobytu pro nedostatek důvodů.

Louisa a Klára byly skoro jistě nějak spřízněné. Jak? Proč přišla Louisa do Plzně? A kdy? Nevíme. Víme jen, že z Plzně do Terezína jela transportem R 18. 1. 1942, Klára tam přijela z Prahy v červnu téhož roku. V říjnu byly obě s odstupem tří dnů deportovány do Treblinky a tam zavražděny.

(MS)

Louisa Freudenfelsová was born on March 2, 1875, in the village of Černoušek near Roudnice nad Labem. She was unmarried, worked as a nurse, and lived at 27 Karlova Street, behind the Great Synagogue. In the summer of 1940, she applied for a temporary identity card at the Police Headquarters in Plzeň because she needed some form of identification.

In the Holocaust victims' database, there are only seven people with the surname Freudenfels—three men and four women, one of whom is Louisa.

All of them were born in northwest Bohemia, coming from Budyně nad Ohří, Lovosice, Kralupy nad Vltavou, and Ješín near Kralupy, and all later lived in Prague. The exception—and the only other possible trace of Louisa—is Klára Freudenfelsová (born 1875), who, like Louisa, was born in the village of Černoušek near Roudnice. However, Klára was locally affiliated with Postoloprty and lived in Liberec during the occupation of the borderlands. She traveled to Prague, and on October 24, 1938, in a "protocol with a refugee from the border area," stated that "my father Hermann Freudenfels lived in the occupied territory from 1877 until 1898, then moved to Plzeň, where he lived until his death."

Another document, dated July 29, 1939, was sent from the Presidium of the Police Directorate in Plzeň to the Provincial Office in Prague. There the Police Director recommended against granting her a residence permit due to a lack of justification.

Louisa and Klára were almost certainly related in some way. How exactly? Why did Louisa come to Plzeň? And when? We do not know. What we do know is that she was deported from Plzeň to Terezín on transport R on January 18, 1942. Klára arrived there from Prague in June of the same year. In October, just three days apart, both were deported to Treblinka, where they were murdered.